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CALIFORNIA STATE MINING BUREAU

FERRY BUILDING, SAN FRANCISCO

WILLIAM H. STORMS

State Mineralogist

BULLETIN No. 64

SAN FRANCISCO, NOVEMBER, 1912

Mineral Production for 1911

By E. S. BOALICH, Statistician



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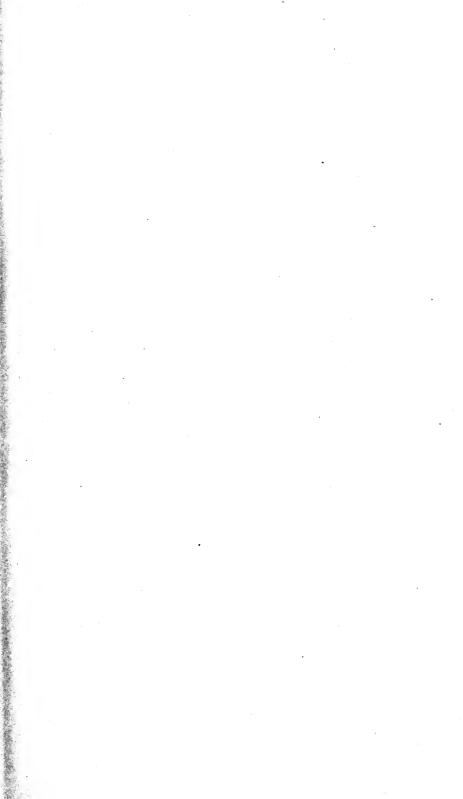
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W. H. STORMS

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MINERAL INDUSTRY, CALIFORNIA, 1911.

Data Compiled from Direct Returns from Producers in Answer to Inquiries sent out by California State Mining Bureau, Ferry Building,

San Francisco.

By E. S. Boalich, Statistician.

THE MINERAL INDUSTRY OF CALIFORNIA IN 1911.

Fifty-five out of the fifty-eight counties in California reported a production of one or more of forty minerals during the year 1911, amounting to a total value of \$87,497,879. This value, and all others mentioned in this Bulletin, are for crude material at the property.

The above total as compared with the 1910 output of \$88,419,079 shows an apparent decrease in 1911 of \$921,200. The two amounts are not strictly comparable, however, because of the fact that the 1910 total contains the value of refined asphalt produced during that year. In the 1911 figures this material, the value of which equals \$2,250,000, has been excluded, as no natural asphalt is produced in the State and therefore could not be included without duplication of a portion of the petroleum output. This also applies to other refined mineral products, which includes kerosene, gasoline and other products of the fractional distillation of crude petroleum. Petroleum is treated in this report as a whole, and to add to the output the value of these refined products would be a duplication of figures, which no matter how gratifying in swelling the grand total, would be not only misleading, but improper.

As has been the case in recent years, petroleum production leads all others by a wide margin, the total output for the year amounting to 84,648,157 barrels, valued at \$40,552,088. Gold comes second with a value of \$19,738,908. Cement ranks third, the total output amounting to 6,371,369 barrels, worth \$9,085,625. Although greatly curtailed owing to smelter-fume troubles, copper holds fourth place on the list with a production valued at \$4,604,753. Other minerals, each with a value of over a million dollars, are as follows: Crushed rock, including sand and gravel, \$3,610,357; brick, \$2,638,121; borax, \$1,456,672.

It will be observed that the increase in the value of the output of cement was nearly \$3,300,000 over that of the previous year. It may be expected that the present year, 1912, will see this amount swelled to a figure well over \$10,000,000.

The following table shows the yield of mineral substances of California for 1911 as compiled from the returns received at the State Mining Bureau, San Francisco, in answer to inquiries sent to producers:

Substance.	Amount.	Value.
Asbestos	125 tons	\$500 0
Barytes		2,207 0
Bituminous rock		117,279 0
Borax		1,456,672
Cement		9.085,625
Chrome	000	14.197
Clay, brick		2,638,121 0
		252,759 0
Clay, pottery		18,297
Coal		
Copper	36,838,024 lbs.	4,604,753 0 3,610,357 0
Crushed rock		
Feldspar		4,560 0 5,294 0
Fuller's earth		
Gems		51,824 (
Gold		19,738,908 0
Granite		355,742 0
Gypsum		101,475 0
Infusorial earth		19,670 0
Iron ore		558 0
Lead		63,173
Lime		390,988
Limestone		452,790 0
Magnesite		67,430 0
Manganese		40 0
Marble		54,103 0
Mineral paint		1,184 0
Mineral water		590,654
Natural gas		491,859 0
Paving blocks	4,141 M	210,819
Petroleum	84,648,157 bbls.	40,552,088 0
Platinum	511 oz.	14,873 0
Pyrite	54,225 tons	182,954 0
Quicksilver	19,109 flasks	879,205 0
Salt	173,332 tons	324,255 0
Sand, glass		8,672 0
Sandstone		127,314 0
Silver		673,336 0
Soda		52,887 0
Tungsten		127,706 0
Zine		152,751
Total		\$87,497,879

The following pages treat in detail of the production by county as well as by mineral. Some counties are much larger producers of mineral than others. Kern County for instance produced last year more than \$20,000,000 worth of petroleum, and Fresno County's oil production exceeded \$9,300,000, while that of Los Angeles was over \$3,300,000. The largest copper producer was Shasta County with nearly \$3,700,000, and that of Calaveras County was \$773,769. Nine counties produced the remainder of a total of \$4,604,753.

The following table shows the comparative value of minerals produced in California during the years 1910 and 1911:

Mineral.	1910.		1911.
Asbestos	\$20,000	00	\$500 0
Asphalt	2,125,122		1
Barytes	5,640		2,207 0
Bituminous rock	165,711		117,279 0
Borax	1,177,960		1,456,672 0
Cement	7,485,715		9,085,625 0
Chrome	9,707		14,197 0
Clay, brick	2,934,731		2,638,121 0
Clay, pottery	324,099		252,759 0
Coal	23,484		18,297 0
Copper	6,680,641		4,604,753 0
Crushed rock	0,000,011	00	3,610,357 0
Feldspar	5,720	00	4,560 0
Fuller's earth	3,820		5,294 0
Gems	237,475		51.824 0
Gold	19,715,440		19,738,908 0
Granite	417,898		³ 355,742 00
Gypsum	129.152		101,475 0
Infusorial earth	17,617		19,670 0
Iron ore	900		
Lead	134,082		558 00 63,173 00
	1,058,891		
	1,056,691	00	390,988 00
Limestone	1 104 506	00	452,790 00
Macadam	1,104,526 113,887		67,430 00
Magnesite	4,235		
Manganese Marble	50,200		40 00
			54,103 00
Mineral paint	2,040		1,184 00
Mineral water	522,009		590,654 00
Natural gas	1,676,367		491,859 00
Paving blocks	198,916		210,819 00
Petroleum	37,689,542		40,552,088 00
Platinum	8,386		14,873 00
Pyrite	179,862		182,954 00
Quicksilver	799,002		879,205 00
Rubble	1,673,164		904055 00
Salt	395,417		324,255 00
Sand, glass	8,165		8,672 00
Sand, quartz	10,100		405.044.00
Sandstone	80,443		127,314 00
Silver	993,646		673,336 00
Slate	8,000		
Soapstone	7,260		
Soda	11,862		52,887 00
Tungsten	208,245	00	127,706 00
Zine			152,751 00
Total	\$88,419,079	00	\$87,497,879 00

¹Not included.

²Macadam and rubble. ³Including curbing. ⁴Included in lime. ⁵Included in crushed rock.

The following tabulation shows the comparative mineral production of the various counties of the State during the two years, 1910 and 1911:

County.	1910.	1911,
		1
Alameda	\$1,205,387 0	\$799,639
Amador	2,785,767 0	
Butte	2,529,179 0	
Dalaveras	2,026,166 0	
Colusa	148,005 0	
Contra Costa	484,923 0	594,256
Del Norte	5,845 0	
El Dorado	194,631 0	
Presno	9,505,699 0	
Henn	34,020 0	
Humboldt	77,437 0	
mperial	97,656 0	
nyo	704,473 0	
Kern	19,614,014 0	
Kings	10,085 0	
Jake	142,427 0	
Jassen	83,152 0	
Los Angeles	5,525,317 0	5,407,863
ladera	133,766 0	
larin	183,885 0	0 232,731
Mariposa	346,245 0	0 175,752
Mendocino	500 0	
ferced	71.064 0	
lodoc	5,513 0	
Iono	445,115 0	
Ionterey	162,523 0	
Vapa	244,410 0	
Vevada	2,553,204 0	
Orange	3,220,164 0	4,113,585
Placer	583,659 0	
Plumas	200,870 0	
Riverside	507,406 0	
	1,660,970 0	
acramento		
an Benito	584,343 0	558,846
an Bernardino	447,836 0	
an Diego	374,874 0	
an Francisco	120,126 0	
an Joaquin	376,149 0	
an Luis Obispo	215,322 0	
an Mateo	279,872 0	
anta Barbara	5,334,960 0	
anta Clara	420,782 0	
anta Cruz	400,794 0	
hasta	8,203,677 0	
ierra	313,365 0	0 467,117
iskiyou	527,178 0	553,037
olano	255.169 0	188,848
onoma	283,113 0	238,610
tanislaus	223,061 0	
ehama	4,400 0	
rinity	508,433 0	
ulare	206,050 0	
uolumne	755,591 00	
'entura	392,974 00	
	3,209,645 0	3.011.689
TubaInapportioned	9,487,888 0	
mapportioned	9,407,000 00	J 1,020,877
Totals	\$88,419,079 00	\$87,497,879

¹Included in Colusa figures.

A glance at the above tabulated statement will give the best idea of the relative production of the various counties. It will be observed that out of the fifty-eight counties of the State fifty-five contributed to the mineral output of 1911. The figures opposite "unapportioned" are necessary because of the fact that some branches of the mineral industry are so centralized, that if the value of their output were listed under the county from which they come private business would be made public. For this reason there are several instances where the real value of the county mineral yield is much greater than is shown in the above summary.

The omission of the value of asphalt in the 1911 figures is accountable for an undue decrease in the case of counties where oil refineries are located. The figures for 1910 included asphalt, which was in fact a partial duplication of petroleum value.

TOTAL GOLD PRODUCTION OF CALIFORNIA.

The following table was compiled by Chas. G. Yale, of the Division of Mineral Resources, U. S. Geological Survey, but for a number of years Statistician of the California State Mining Bureau and the U.S. Mint at The authorities chosen for certain periods were: J. D. San Francisco. Whitney, State Geologist of California; John Arthur Phillips, author of "Mining and Metallurgy of Gold and Silver" (1867); U. S. Mining Commissioner R. W. Raymond; U. S. Mining Commissioner J. Ross Browne: Wm. P. Blake, Commissioner from California to the Paris Exposition, where he made a report on "Precious Metals" (1867); John J. Valentine, author for many years of the annual report on Precious Metals published by Wells Fargo and Company's Express; and Louis A. Garnett, in the early days manager of the San Francisco refinery where records of gold receipts and shipments were kept. Mr. Yale obtained other data from the reports of the Director of the U.S. Mint and the Director of the U.S. Geological Survey. The authorities referred to, who were alive at the time of the original compilation of this table in 1894, were all consulted in person or by letter by Mr. Yale with reference to the correctness of their published data, and the final table quoted was then made up. The figures of the last six years are those prepared for the U.S. Geological Survey.

The table shows that California has produced a total of about \$1,548,000,000 in gold since 1848. This enormous amount of gold would weigh about 2,580 tons and would require a train of 52 freight cars, each holding fifty tons of the metal. What the ultimate production of gold in California will be, only the future can tell, but at the present the total is being swelled at the rate of about \$20,000,000 annually, and this amount is likely to become more rather than less, for some years to come. It will be observed that the largest production for any one year was in 1852, when it reached \$81,294,700. This was at the time of the most active development of the superficial placers, when thousands of men were at work with pan, rocker, long-tom and sluice, and even the hydraulic method had been introduced in a small way.

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Total Gold Product of California, 1848-1911.

Year.	Amount,	Year.	Amount.
848	\$245,301 00	1881	\$19,223,155 0
849	10,151,360 00	1882	4 = 4 10 140 0
850	41,273,106 00	1883	01010000
851	75,938,232 00	1884	
852	81,294,700 00	1885	10 001 011 0
853	67,613,487 00	1886	44 = 40 = 00 0
854	69,433,931 00	1887	40 400 044 0
855	55,485,395 00	1888	40 ==0 000 0
856	57,509,411 00	1889	44 040 040 0
857	43,628,172 00	1890	40,000,000
858	46,591,140 00	1891	10,500,000,0
859	45,846,599 00	1892	12,571,900 0
860	44,095,163 00	1893	12,422,811 0
861	41,884,995 00	1894	40,000,004,0
362	38,854,668 00	1895	4 2 00 4 04 = 0
863	23,501,736 00	1896	17.181.562 0
364	24,071,423 00	1897	15.871.401 0
865	17.930.858 00	1898	15,906,478 0
366	17,123,867 00	1899	4 2000 004 0
867	18.265.452 00	1900	1 M 000 0 M A
868	17,555,867 00	1901	16,989,044 0
869	18,229,044 00	1902	16,910,320 0
870	17,458,133 00	1903	10 151 001 0
871	17,477,885 00	1904	19,109,600 0
872	15,482,194 00	1905	10 10 10 0 0
873	15.019.210 00	1906	18,732,452 0
874	17,264,836 00	1907	16,727,928 0
875	16.876.009 00	1908	18,761,559 0
876	15,610,723 00	1909	00,005,050,0
877	16,501,268 00	1910	10 717 410 0
878	18,839,141 00	1911	19,738,908 0
879	19,626,654 00		20,.00,000
880	20,030,761 00	Total	\$1,547,967,468 0

This Bureau has never independently collected statistics of gold and silver output, but has used totals and distribution by county, as obtained from the U. S. Geological Survey. All gold, silver, and platinum figures in this Bulletin are derived from this source.

Petroleum production in California-1875-1911.

For the early years of petroleum production in California the statistical records are rather incomplete, especially as to price. In Bulletin No. 60, California State Mining Bureau, the total value of petroleum produced from 1887 to 1909, inclusive, is given as \$136,693,228. Adding to this amount the value of the 1910 and 1911 output gives a grand total of \$214,934,858 for the value of the petroleum produced in the State during the past twenty-five years.

The following table is of much interest to all who are engaged in the production of petroleum. It was about twenty years before the output of the entire State reached the dignity of a million barrels annually. Within the past ten years the annual production has increased with little fluctuation from about 14,000,000 barrels to over 84,000,000 barrels annually.

Amount of annual production, by barrels, is given in the following table. (The number of barrels credited to the year 1875 represents all production up to and including that date):

Year.	Barrels.	Year.	Barrels.
1875	- 12,000 - 13,000 - 15,227 - 19,858 - 40,552 - 99,862 - 128,636 - 142,857 - 262,000 - 325,000 - 377,145 - 678,572 - 690,333 - 303,220	1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	1,257,78 1,911,56 2,249,08 2,677,87 4,329,95 7,710,31 14,356,91 24,340,83 29,736,03 34,275,70 32,624,00 40,311,17 48,306,91 58,191,72
1890 1891	323,600 385,049	1910 1911 Total (barrels)	84,648,15

Cement production in California-1891-1911.

Cement was first commercially produced in the State in 1891. While the total figures are not of the same magnitude as those for gold and petroleum the growth of the industry has been stupendous, and a comparison of the annual figures representing the output since the inception of the industry is of interest.

Year.	Amount, barrels.	Value.
1891	5.000	\$15,000 00
1892	5,000	15,000 00
1893 1894	8,000	21,600 00
1895	16,383	32,556 00
1896 1897	9,500 18,000	28,250 00 66,000 00
1898	50,000	150,000 00
1899	60,000	180,000 00
1900 1901	52,000 71,800	121,000 00 159,842 00
1902	171,000	423,600 00
1903 1904	640,868 969,538	968,727 00 1,539,807 00
1905	1,265,553	1,791,916 00
1906	1,286,000	1,941,250 00
1907 1908	1,613,563 1,629,615	2,585,577 00 2,359,692 00
1909	3,779,205	4,969,437 00
1910	5,453,193	7,485,715 00
1911	6,371,369	9,085,625 00
Totals	23,475,587	\$33,940,594 00

Antimony.

Antimony deposits have been worked in a small way in the past, in Inyo, Kern, Riverside, and San Benito counties. No production has been reported since 1901 although in the present year, 1912, there has been some active development work done and a renewed output of this metal is looked for in the near future. Antimony occurs in some other localities than those above mentioned.

Reference: Bull. 38:62. Eighth Report, p. 485. Tenth Report, p. 515. Eleventh Report, p. 371. Thirteenth Report, p. 31.

Asbestos.

Deposits of asbestos are located in Amador, Butte, El Dorado, Fresno, Placer, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego, Sierra and Trinity counties. There are surface indications of the mineral in many other counties but, to date, little if any development work has been done upon them. The actual production of asbestos in California is very small, the amount reported to the State Mining Bureau being only 125 tons, valued at \$500, for 1911. Less than 10 per cent of the asbestos used in the United States is produced in this country, and of this amount practically all is mined in the Eastern and Middle Western states. The great bulk of the raw product is imported from Canada where a high grade of asbestos of long fiber and great tensile strength is produced.

The uses of this mineral are many and constantly increasing, and as the requirements for asbestos in California increase the industry will in time become an important one in this State.

The lower grades, used in fireproof roofing, etc., bring a price of about \$20 per ton, and from this figure the price goes up as high as \$200 per ton for asbestos which is suitable for the manufacture of curtains and tapestries and other fabrics, as well as for steam packing, friction facing for brakes, insulating tapes, etc.

Two distinct minerals are known on the market as asbestos. One is called tremolite, the other chrysotile. These are trade terms. The latter is superior in strength and flexibility.

For complete information regarding the properties of this mineral, and location of deposits in California, see Bulletin No. 38, p. 261.

Asphalt.

Natural asphalt exists in small amount in Kern, Los Angeles, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, and Ventura counties. For economic reasons refined asphalt, only, has been commercially used in the State in recent years. In excess of 180,000 tons of the refined product were produced from petroleum in California during 1911, having a value exceeding \$2,250,000. These figures are not used in the total mineral production of the State because the value

of the crude petroleum from which it is made has been included, and the addition of the value of this by-product would give an erroneous result, too high by the above amount.

Oil refineries are situated in the following counties: Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Kern, Los Angeles, San Diego, Santa Barbara, San Luis Obispo, San Francisco, and Ventura.

California's production of asphalt in 1911 was greater than the entire amount imported into the United States from all foreign countries. It is used principally in street paving; also for roofing, water-proofing, insulating and as a preservative for piling, etc.

Barytes.

Deposits of barytes are known in Butte, Mariposa, Shasta, and San Bernardino counties. Production in the State for the year 1911 amounted to 309 tons valued at \$2,207, or an average value of a little more than \$7 per ton. This is for crude material at the property. If the product is sorted and ground the average price obtained is about double the figure named.

Its principal uses are in the paint industry, in the manufacture of paper and rope, in the tanning of leather, and in the refining of sugar.

The demand for barytes is increasing.

Bismuth.

Bismuth is not abundant in California although an important locality has been reported, viz., near the head of Thousand Palm Cañon in Riverside County, about 25 miles northeasterly from Indio, at the Lang copper mine.

Bituminous rock.

San Luis Obispo, Santa Cruz, and Solano counties reported production of bituminous rock in 1911, to the amount of 75,125 tons valued at \$117,279. Used entirely in road building. Distributed as follows:

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
San Luis Obispo	2,710 24,815 47,600	\$5,230 00 80,371 00 31,678 00
Totals	75,125	\$117,279 00

Borax.

Deposits of borax are known in Inyo, Kern, Lake, Los Angeles, Imperial, San Bernardino, Solano, Tehama, and Ventura counties. In the desert portions of the State its occurrence is more or less common in the beds of ancient lakes. In other places it is mined as an ore, chiefly colemanite, which occurs in vein-like masses. The output in

California, which is the sole domestic source of borax, in 1911 amounted to 50,945 tons valued at \$1,456,672.

Cement.

The growth of the cement industry has been one of the noteworthy features of the mineral industry in recent years. The first authentic reported production of cement in California was in 1891 when 5,000 barrels, valued at \$15,000, represented the output. During 1911 the production was 6,371,369 barrels, valued at \$9,085,625, or an increase of 918,176 barrels, and \$1,599,910 in value over the previous year, when the yield amounted to 5,453,193 barrels worth \$7,485,715. The great and growing popularity of concrete buildings and other structures in the State is largely responsible for the above remarkable showing. In value of annual output cement is now surpassed only by petroleum and gold.

The industry, as is the case with one or two others, is so highly centralized that it is impossible to apportion the production to the counties in which the plants are located without making private business public.

Chrome.

Chrome, or chromite, is produced in California to a very limited extent although the deposits are the most extensive of any in the United States. Chrome has been mined in the following counties: Alameda, Calaveras, Del Norte, Fresno, Glenn, Lake, Placer, San Benito, San Luis Obispo, Shasta, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Tehama, Trinity, and Tuolumne.

During 1911 the reported production of chromite was as follows:

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
AlamedaShasta	60 875	\$500 00 13,697 00
Totals	935	\$14,197 00

Clay brick.

Brick of every description including clay, magnesite, sand lime, common, pressed and glazed, were produced in California during 1911 to the amount of 327,474 M valued at \$2,638,121, as compared with 340,883 M worth \$2,934,731 manufactured and sold in 1910. The decrease is due to overproduction in 1910 as well as to a natural falling off owing to the unprecedented gain in concrete construction of all kinds.

Clays are abundant in many counties of California, and large industries have been built up in the manufacture of the great variety of clay products. There is less really fine kaolin than is desired. However, a porcelain factory has been built at Richmond in Contra Costa County, where this refined branch of the clay industry is in a fair way to be carried to success.

The detailed figures tabulated by counties follows:

County.	Amount, M.	Value.
Alameda	19,660	\$153,330 00
Amador	2,000	20,000 00
Contra Costa	36,463	271,575 00
Fresno	4,500	28,500 00
Humboldt	357	2,880 00
Imperial	1,200	7,000 00
Kern	5,603	41,426 00
Los Angeles	160,259	1,442,913 00
Madera	270	1,350 00
Marin	19,695	87,445 00
Mendoeino	160	1,600 00
Orange	1,650	11,550 00
Placer	700	18,000 00
Riverside	3,675	28,572 00
Sacramento	13,917	76,571 00
San Bernardino	1,340	8,040 00
San Diego	9,500	68,000 00
San Joaquin	5,275	49,650 00
San Luis Obispo	2,000	18,000 00
San Mateo	1,350	43,000 00
Santa Barbara	1,600	13,800 00
Santa Clara	6,000	30,000 00
Shasta	2,825	20,094 00
Solano	500	4,000 00
Stanislaus	850	5,950 00
Tulare	10,225	81,000 00
Ventura	900	5,100 00
Unapportioned	15,000	98,775 00
Totals	327,474	\$2,638,121 00

Clay-Pottery.

At one time or another pottery clays have been quarried in thirty-three different counties in the State, from Siskiyou in the north to San Diego in the south. The production as reported by operators for the year 1911 amounted to 224,576 tons valued at \$252,759 as compared with the output of 249,028 tons worth \$324,099 in 1910. From present indications this falling off is merely temporary as the first half of 1912 has seen the installation of several new plants for the handling of this product and the future prospects of the industry are of the brightest.

Following is a tabulation of the direct returns by counties:

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
Alameda	10,500	\$8,300 0
Amador	43,352	37,395 0
Calaveras	50	200 0
Humboldt	007	937 0
Kern	242	121 0
Los Angeles		41,025 0
Monterey		4,950 0
Orange	0.000	3.200 0
Placer	43.120	29,200 0
Riverside		79.961 0
San Bernardino		4.060 0
San Joaquin		25,510 0
Santa Barbara	12,000	16,000 0
Ventura	1,900	1,900 0
Totals	224,576	\$252,759 0

Coal.

Coal deposits developed to a greater or less extent are found in the following counties of the State: Alameda, Amador, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa, Del Norte, Fresno, Humboldt, Kern, Mendocino, Modoc, Monterey, Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Benito, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Stanislaus, Sutter, and Trinity. Actual production is small, amounting to but 11,047 tons valued at \$18,297 during 1911. Coal has been produced continuously in this State since 1861. Up to 1903 the annual output varied between 100,000 and 200,000 tons. With the advent of petroleum as a fuel the coal production has rapidly dwindled. With one or two exceptions California coal is a lignite of inferior quality.

Copper is widely distributed throughout the State, the following counties containing copper ores: Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa, Del Norte, El Dorado, Fresno, Glenn, Humboldt, Inyo, Kern, Lassen, Los Angeles, Madera, Marin, Mariposa, Mendocino, Merced, Mono, Napa, Nevada, Placer, Plumas, Riverside, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Stanislaus, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Tulare, Tuolumne, and Yuba.

Eleven counties reported production for the year 1911, the total amounting to 36,838,024 pounds valued at \$4,604,753, as compared with 53,721,032 pounds worth \$6,680,641 in 1910. The great decrease is due to the much discussed "fume" trouble between the smelters and the farmers of the various adjacent localities, as well as with the government. This difference, however, seems now to be in a fair way to finding a satisfactory solution.

Copper Output for 1911 by Counties.

County.	Amount, pounds.	Value.
Amador	227.848	\$28,481 0
Calaveras		773,769 0
Inyo		3,486 0
Kern		3,680 0
Madera		1.826 0
Mariposa		1.830 00
Nevada		209 00
Placer		14.828 00
Riverside	6,753	844 00
San Bernardino	666,489	83.311 00
Shasta	29,539,913	3,692,489 00
Totals	36,838,024	\$4,604,753 00

Crushed rock.

Under this general heading are included macadam, rubble, trap rock, riprap, sand and gravel. When producers in their answers to inquiries have stated the use to which their rock was put the classification has

been made accordingly. In a large number of cases, however, it is absolutely impossible for the producer himself to know how much of his output has been used in street work, how much in concrete construction, etc., and a tabulation of "Crushed Rock—Unclassified" has been made to cover such instances. The total crushed rock figures here given are comparable with the sum of the macadam and rubble figures as found in previous bureau publications.

During 1911 crushed rock was produced in California to the amount of 6,487,223 tons, having a value at the quarry of \$3,610,357. This is a marked increase over the 1910 output, which totaled 5,827,828 tons valued at \$2,777,690. Values of this class of material are far from uniform. Accessibility of the deposit, quality of the rock, labor conditions, etc., make each local case a separate and distinct one.

Thirty-three counties reported production of crushed rock in 1911. Without doubt the actual output is in excess of the figures given owing to the nature of the industry, and producers who have not received inquiries from the State Mining Bureau will do the State and their county a service if they will forward their names and addresses to the Statistician, California State Mining Bureau, Ferry Building, San Francisco, Cal.

Crushed rock is used for so many purposes that it is very difficult to properly segregate the amounts produced into the proper places. Among the uses of crushed rock are concrete for buildings, for walls, sidewalks and in machinery foundations. Also for macadamizing streets and for other uses. The larger rocks, used for filling embankments, building breakwaters and for similar uses are not included in crushed rock.

Following are given county figures for the various branches of the crushed rock industry as far as possible, as well as total figures covering the industry as a whole:

Macadam.

County. Amount, tons. Value. \$135,148 00 180,413 Contra Costa 68,732 00 111,194 Humboldt 27,160 27,444 00 77,500 00 Los Angeles 110,000 800 00 Madera _____ 1,300 90 54 00 Monterey _____ 500 00 500 21,556 00 Napa ____ 24,867 15,856 Sacramento 7,946 00 San Francisco 106,792 98,547 00 San Mateo _ 12,700 9,500 00 Santa Barbara 1,800 1,800 00 Santa Clara 558 00 837 Santa Cruz 5,543 5,543 00 92,800 00 116,000 \$548,428 00 715,052

Rubble.

Inyo	Trabble,			
Colusa 66,035 16,502 Contra Costa 70,000 55,000 Humboldt 50 125 Inyo 46,450 32,555 Kern 143,500 39,330 Los Angeles 143,500 39,330 Marin 145,421 30,161 Napa 1,581 1,505 Orange 50 100 Placer 8,584 1,733 Riverside 13,525 7,038 Sacramento 14,264 2,202 San Bernardino 120,696 122,821 San Bernardino 120,696 122,821 Santa Barbara 1,033 4,102 Santa Cruz 2,034 2,034 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified.	County.	. Amount, tons.		
Colusa 66,035 16,502 Contra Costa 70,000 55,000 Humboldt 50 125 Livo 46,450 32,555 Kern 143,500 39,330 Los Angeles 114,625 132,006 Marin 145,421 30,161 Napa 1,581 1,505 Orange 50 100 Placer 8,584 1,733 Riverside 13,525 7,038 Sarcamento 14,264 2,202 San Bernardino 120,696 122,821 Santa Barbara 1,033 4,102 Santa Gruz 2,034 2,084 Sonoma 110 55 Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Alameda 67,985 \$53,892 Butte 95,185 61,870 Contra Costa 18,044 107,145 El Dorado 7,284 5,465	Alemada	175 105	¢02 100 C	
Contra Costa 70,000 55,000 Humboldt 50 123 Inyo 46,450 32,555 Kern 143,500 99,330 Los Angeles 174,625 132,006 Marin 145,421 90,161 Napa 1,581 1,505 Orange 50 100 Placer 8,584 1,733 Riverside 13,525 7,038 Sacramento 14,264 2,202 San Bernardino 120,696 142,821 San Diego 2,479 2,740 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Humboldt				
Inyo				
Kern			125 0	
Los Angeles			32,5550	
Marin 145,421 90,161 Napa 1,531 1,505 Orange 50 100 Placer 8,884 1,733 Riverside 13,555 7,038 Sar Bernardino 120,696 122,821 San Bernardino 120,696 124,821 Santa Diego 2,479 2,740 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified.				
Napa			132,006 0	
Orange 50 100 Placer 8,584 1,753 Riverside 13,525 7,038 Sarn Bernardino 120,696 142,282 San Diego 2,479 2,740 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Santa Cruz 2,084 2,084 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified.		145,421	90,161 0	
Placer 8,584 1,753	Napa	1,581	1,505 0	
Placer 8,584 1,753 Riverside 13,525 7,038 Sacramento 14,264 2,202 San Bernardino 120,696 142,821 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Santa Cruz 2,084 2,084 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified 5,185 61,870 Contra Costa 180,864 107,145 El Dorado 7,284 5,465 Fresno 340,277 240,198 Marin 28,225 18,625 Marin 28,225 18,625 Merced 102,990 46,794 Merced 20,912 44,827 Riverside 490,221 444,827 San Barnardino 10,917 129,874 San Bernardino 10,917 129,874 San Bernardino 28,000 16,479 San Barbara 28,000 16,479 San Barbara 28,000 16,479 Santa Clara 28,540 18,49 Solomo 43,049 34,789 Contraction 25,94,844 \$1,814,955 Trap and Riprap.	Orange	50	100 0	
Riverside	Placer	8,584	1,753 0	
Sacramento 14,264 2,206 San Bernardino 120,696 142,821 San Diego 2,479 2,740 Santa Barbara 1,033 4,102 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified. Unclassified. <td>Riverside</td> <td></td> <td>7,038 0</td>	Riverside		7,038 0	
San Bernardino 120,696 142,821 San Diego 2,479 2,740 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Santa Cruz 2,084 2,084 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified. Unclassified. <td>Sacramento</td> <td></td> <td>2,202 0</td>	Sacramento		2,202 0	
San Diego 2,479 2,740 Santa Barbara 1,038 4,102 Santa Cruz 2,084 2,084 Sonoma 110 55 Totals 985,677 \$683,261 Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Unclassified. Eduction (Control Costa (Control			142,821 0	
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Alameda 67,985 \$53,892 Butte 95,185 61,870 Contra Costa 180,864 107,145 E1 Dorado 7,224 5,465 Fresno 340,277 240,198 Los Angeles 441,826 292,153 Marin 28,225 18,625 Merced 102,990 46,794 Napa 82,012 42,972 Riverside 490,221 444,827 Sacramento 206,776 107,523 San Benito 250,322 107,558 San Bernardino 18,330 19,923 San Diego 110,917 129,874 San Francisco 28,000 16,479 Santa Barbara 28,540 18,849 Solano 43,049 34,789 Sonoma 28,540 18,849 Solano 43,049 34,789 Ventura 2,594,844 \$1,814,955 Trap and Riprap.	Totals	985,677	\$683,261 0	
Butte 95,185 61,870 Contra Costa 180,864 107,145 El Dorado 7,284 5,465 Fresno 340,277 240,198 Los Angeles 441,826 292,153 Marin 28,225 18,625 Merced 102,990 46,794 Napa 82,012 42,972 Riverside 490,221 444,827 Sacramento 250,322 107,558 San Benito 250,322 107,558 San Bernardino 18,330 19,923 San Francisco 28,000 16,479 San Mateo 53,668 51,525 Santa Barbara 300 450 Santa Clara 28,540 18,849 Solano 43,049 34,789 Sonoma 17,073 13,294 Ventura 2,594,844 \$1,814,955 Trap and Riprap. Trap and Riprap.	Unclassified.			
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Contra Costa 180,864 107,145 El Dorado 7,284 5,465 Fresno 340,277 240,198 Los Angeles 441,826 292,153 Marin 28,225 18,625 Merced 102,990 46,794 Napa 82,012 42,972 Riverside 490,221 444,827 Sacramento 206,776 107,523 San Benito 250,322 107,558 San Bernardino 18,330 19,923 San Diego 110,917 129,874 San Mateo 28,000 16,479 Santa Barbara 300 450 Santa Clara 28,540 18,849 Solano 43,049 34,789 Solano 43,049 34,789 Solano 17,073 13,294 Ventura 1,000 750 Trap and Riprap. Trap and Riprap.			61,870 0	
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Los Angeles 441,826 292,153 Marin 28,225 18,625 Merced 102,990 46,794 Napa 82,012 42,972 Riverside 490,221 444,827 Sacramento 206,776 107,523 San Benito 250,322 107,558 San Bernardino 18,330 19,923 San Diego 110,917 129,874 San Francisco 28,000 16,479 San Mateo 53,668 51,525 Santa Barbara 300 450 Solano 43,049 34,789 Solano 43,049 34,789 Sonoma 17,073 13,294 Ventura 1,000 750 Trap and Riprap. Trap and Riprap.			240.198 0	
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San Diego 377 471				
	San Diego	3/7	471 00	
Totals 108,324 \$61,879	Totals	108,324	\$61,879 00	

Paving blocks are mostly made from either granite or andesite, the latter known by the trade term "basalt blocks," are not included in any of the above, but will be found under a separate head. Large quantities of earth, gravel, and rock are annually moved by the railroads from their own quarries and in grading, which are used in filling embankments. Little of this output is included in the output of broken rock.

Sand and Gravel.

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
Alameda	424,945	\$63,685 0
Butte	136,153	16,338 0
Colusa	1,333	200 0
Contra Costa	93,756	26,626 0
Fresno	99,426	40,713 0
Glenn	421,775	51,430 0
Humboldt	7,533	10.187 0
Kern	87,450	8,550 0
Los Angeles	151.971	35,217 0
Monterey	34,617	26,511 0
Napa	130,272	61,395 0
Orange	7.510	755 0
Placer	15,884	6.177 0
Riverside	7.142	1.859 0
Sacramento	133,660	13,366 0
San Bernardino	15,815	4.064 0
San Diego	77.231	62,750 0
San Francisco	10,258	4,610 0
San Mateo	200	160 0
Santa Barbara	600	250 00
Santa Clara	87.498	43.188 0
Siskiyou	52,633	6,580 00
Sonoma	38,109	7,905 00
Yuba	47,555	9,318 00
Totals	2,083,326	\$501,834 00

Total Figures.

(These figures are comparable with the sum of the macadam and rubble output as published in past years.)

published in past years.)			
County.	Amount, tons.	Value.	
Alameda	952,805	\$404.615	00
Butte	231,338	78,208	
Colusa	67,368		
Contra Costa	455,814	257,503	
El Dorado	7,284	5,465	
Fresno	439,703	280,911	
Glenn	421.775	51,430	
Humboldt	34.743	37,756	
	46.450	32,555	
Inyo Kern	230,950	107,880	
Tog Angolog	878,422	536,876	
Los Angeles	1,300	800	
Madera			
	173,646	108,786	
Merced	106,750	49,548	
Monterey	35,117	27,011	
Napa	238,732	127,428	
Orange	7,560	855	
Placer	24,468	7,930	
Riverside	510,888	453,724	
Sacramento	370,556		00
San Benito	250,322		00
San Bernardino	154,841	166,808	
San Diego	191,004	195,835	00
San Francisco	145,050	119,636	00
San Mateo	66,568	61,185	00
Santa Barbara	3,738	6,602	00
Santa Clara	116.875	62,595	00
Santa Cruz	7.627	7.627	00
Siskiyou	52,633	6.580	00
Solano	159.049	127,589	00
Sonoma	55,292	21,252	
Ventura	1,000	750	
Yuba	47,555	9.318	
- ****	11,000	0,010	
Totals	6,487,223	\$3,610,357	00

Feldspar.

The feldspars occur as constituents of nearly all rocks. The feldspar of commerce, however, is all obtained from pegmatites, where the crystals are large enough to admit of more or less sorting. The better grades of feldspar are used in pottery manufacture and in the making of various enamel wares. Where a high per cent of impurities is present the material is ground coarsely and used in the manufacture of "ready roofing," "chicken grit," etc. Small quantities are used in glass making, and as an abrasive in scouring soap. Attempts have been made to prove the value of the potash feldspars as fertilizer.

Feldspar was first produced commercially in California in 1910. During 1911, 740 tons were quarried and sold, the crude material at the property having a value of \$4,560, or an average of a little more than \$6 per ton.

Fuller's earth.

Fuller's earth, so named from its earliest use in fulling wool, is a rather rare, soft, friable rock whose value depends altogether on its texture and its filtering and absorbent properties. It has no definite composition, mineralogically, its physical properties rather than a chemical analysis determining its commercial value. Fuller's earth was first produced in the United States in the early nineties, and has been mined and marketed in a small way in California annually since 1899. During 1911 the output amounted to 466 tons valued at \$5,294, an average spot value of \$11.36 per ton.

Reference: Bull. 38, p. 273.

Gems.

The following named gems are among those commonly produced in California: Agate, amazonstone, almandine, beach stones of many kinds, benitoite, bloodstone, chaleedony, californite, chrysoprase, datolite, diamond, fossil coral, garnet, hyacinth, hiddenite, jasper, kunzite, moonstone, rose, smoky and gold quartz, rhodolite, rhodonite, rock crystal, spodumene, sunstone, topaz, tourmaline, turquoise, turquoise-matrix, and many other stones with trade names.

The following counties reported production of one or more of the above: Butte, Fresno, Inyo, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego, Siskiyou, and Tulare.

New deposits of gems are continually being discovered. The value of the stones in the rough is extremely problematical, and the demand is more unsteady than for the "precious" stones, hence spot values of the crude material are difficult to arrive at. The figures here given are the result of (1) correspondence with producers, and (2) obtaining estimates from dealers and others who are actively engaged in the business, and the result is the closest approximation that can be deduced. There

was an overproduction of gems in 1910 and as a result the 1911 output is somewhat below normal.

A large number of beach stones of every description were utilized as gems in Los Angeles County during the year. This branch of the industry did not show a decrease, the local demand in Los Angeles City and the surrounding beach towns being quite strong.

Small diamonds of good quality continue to be occasionally found in Butte County, and development work along these lines is to be vigorously pushed in the near future, according to parties interested.

Rhodonite and californite exist in considerable amount in Fresno County although the output was very small during the past year.

Several discoveries were made in Inyo County in 1911. The actual output was almost nothing but the outlook is for an increase in this branch of the mineral industry in the near future as the stones are of the highest quality.

Gem mines of as yet undetermined value are located in San Benito County, and various deposits in Riverside County are likely to become large producers with further development. San Bernardino produced no gems during the year 1911 although two especially well equipped companies are doing preliminary work and expect to place their output on the market before the end of 1912.

San Diego County contains more gem deposits, developed and undeveloped, than any other section of the State. Its annual output has been estimated to be as high as \$100,000. The value of the cut stones would doubtless reach that figure, although an investigation of conditions there has proved that the overproduction of 1910 is still affecting the industry—almost a year and a half later—both as concerns production and price, and one quarter of the above figure represents a fair average estimate of the value of the crude gem material mined in the county during 1911.

In Siskiyou and Tulare counties the same general conditions prevail, and at present there is no doubt but that demand and prices offered are not keeping pace with possible production.

Following is a summary of the gem industry for 1911 tabulated by counties:

County	. Value.	
Inyo Los Angeles Riverside	250 174 5,000 250 25,000 1,000	00
Total	\$51,824	00

Gold.

The following tabulation shows gold production in California, by county, as compiled by the U.S. Geological Survey. For complete information see Mineral Resources for 1911, U.S.G.S.:

County.	Value.	
Amador	\$2,832,395	00
Butte	2,323,396	00
Calaveras	1,112,315	00
Colusa	12,837	00
Del Norte	1,743	00
El Dorado	133,967	00
Fresno	17,441	00
Humboldt	34,966	00
Imperial	² 97,855	00
Inyo	574,945	00
Kern	557,471	00
Madera	1.958	00
Mariposa	172,532	00
Modoc	19.875	00
Mono	261,232	00
Nevada	2,199,147	
Placer	251,298	
Plumas	228,785	00
Riverside	³ 20,623	00
Sacramento	1.812.826	
San Bernardino	127.367	
Shasta	41.059.881	00
Sierra	461,513	
Siskiyou	422,297	00
Stanislaus	5307,538	
Trinity	6612.149	
Tuolumne	1,093,484	
Yuba	2,997,072	
Total	\$19,738,908	00

¹Includes Lassen County production.

Granite.

Granite, used as a building stone as well as for monumental and other purposes, was produced in California during 1911 to the amount of 401,209 cubic feet and value of \$344,351, crude stone at the property. Stone used for curbing is hereby listed separately, the total value, including curbing, being \$355,742.

California granite has no superior in the world. The past few years has seen some of the most beautiful and classical buildings in the world constructed in this State from California granite. Among these are several banking buildings and the Postoffice and Customs House in San Francisco, also several very beautiful buildings on the campus of the University of California. This granite is obtained from quarries in a number of counties, among which there seems little choice, as to superiority.

²Includes San Diego County production. ²Includes Los Angeles County production.

⁴Dredge production included in Stanislaus total.

Includes Merced County production as well as dredge production from Shasta and Trinity. Dredge production included in Stanislaus total.

The following table shows the summary of this branch of the Mineral Industry in California for 1911, as reported by the various producing counties:

G	ran	ite.
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County.	Amount, cu. ft.	Value.	
Fresno Los Angeles Madera Nevada Placer Riverside Sacramento	37,500 14,000 99,900 1,250 190,634 12,295 45,630	\$38,000 16,200 74,190 3,500 199,599 10,555 12,307	00 00 00 00
Totals	401,209	\$344,351	00
¹ Low value due to prison labor. Curbing.			
Placer	47,395	\$9,202	00
RiversideSonoma	Lin. ft. 3,000 3,700	1,800 389	
Totals	54,095	\$11,391	00

Graphite.

No natural graphite was produced in California during 1911 although there are deposits of the mineral located in several counties in the State, and the owners of one property reported development work having been done in the course of the year with a possible output for 1912. Graphite deposits have been discovered, and exploited to some extent. in the following counties: Fresno, Los Angeles, Mendocino, San Bernardino, Siskiyou, Sonoma, and Tuolumne.

The demand for graphite shows a steady increase. Imports, largely from Mexico and Ceylon, amount to about \$2,000,000 annually. On account of its infusibility and resistance to action of molten metals, graphite is very valuable in the manufacture of crucibles; it is also largely used in the manufacture of electrical appliances, as a steam packing, as a lubricant, in manufacture of paint and lead pencils, and in many other ways. Prices obtainable vary widely, depending upon the grade of the product, and upon its being amorphous or crystalline. The lowest grades bring about \$10 per ton, and from this figure prices range up as high as \$200 for the pure crystalline variety.

A few years ago only crystalline graphite of superior quality could be used in many of the arts and manufactures. Now inferior mineral may be concentrated by flotation, but the discovery that a fair grade of graphite could be manufactured from a good grade of coal has seriously hurt the mining of graphite, and lowered the price so that inferior mineral scarcely finds a sale, or can be concentrated at a profit.

Gypsum.

Gypsum occurs in Butte, Colusa, Fresno, Kern, Kings, Los Angeles, Monterey, Orange, Riverside, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Tulare, and Ventura counties. Production for 1911 was reported from only four counties, as follows:

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
Kern Kings Monterey San Bernardino	853 20 10,000 20,584	\$4,245 00 100 00 30,625 00 66,505 00
Totals	31,457	101,475 00

This shows a decrease from 1910 when the production amounted to 45,294 tons valued at \$129,152. Among the uses of gypsum are: plaster of paris, as a wall plaster, as a fertilizer, and in the paper and glass industries.

Reference: Bull. 38, California State Mining Bureau, p. 281.

Infusorial earth.

Infusorial earth, also known as diatomaceous earth, tripoli and tripolite, occurs in California very extensively. Deposits of importance are located in Los Angeles, Monterey, Orange, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Shasta, and Tehama counties.

The production for 1911 amounted to 2,194 tons valued at \$19,670 as compared with 1,843 tons valued at \$17,617 quarried and sold during the previous year. Only two counties contributed to the total:

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
MontereySanta Barbara	850 1,344	\$5,950 00 13,720 00
Totals	2,194	\$19,670 00

Infusorial earth is not soluble in acids, is very light, and extremely porous. It is used as an absorbent, is a first class non-conductor of heat, is utilized in the manufacture of refractory brick, as a polishing powder, in scouring soaps, etc.

Reference: Bull. 38, p. 289, California State Mining Bureau.

Iron ore.

Iron deposits of great extent are known to exist in thirty-one different counties of the State. For various economic reasons the iron industry has made little progress to date. The future possibilities along these lines are very great. Actual production of iron ore in 1911 amounted to 558 tons valued at \$558, compared with 570 tons in 1910, valued at \$900.

Lead.

Nine counties in California reported lead production for the year 1911 to the amount of 1,403,839 pounds valued at \$63,173, this being a decrease of 1,612,161 pounds in amount and \$70,909 in value as compared with the previous year when the output was 3,016,000 pounds valued at \$134,082.

Tabulated county returns are as follows:

County.	Amount, pounds.	Value.
Calaveras	220	\$10 00
El Dorado	3,701	167 00
Inyo	1.182.122	53.195 00
Kern	2,417	109 00
Mono	37,000	1,665 00
Nevada	14.831	667 00
Plumas	1.329	60 00
San Bernardino	161.338	7.260 00
Shasta	881	40 00
Totals	1,403,839	\$63,173 00

Lime and limestone.

Fourteen counties in the State reported a production of lime or limestone, or both, for the year 1911. Several kilns were closed, during the year, for one reason or another. The average price of lime per barrel was seven per cent lower than during the previous year. Limestone production also decreased in amount and value, owing in part to the curtailment of the copper industry and the consequent lessened demand for limestone as flux. A considerable tonnage of limestone was used in road building during the year, and has been classified as macadam. This fact makes a possible apparent decrease.

The total lime production was 429,587 barrels, valued at \$390,988 as compared with an output of 479,507 barrels valued at \$477,683 in 1910. Limestone to the amount of 516,398 tons was quarried and used as such, and had a spot value of \$452,790 as compared with 684,635 tons valued at \$581,208 for the previous year.

Lime and limestone production, by counties, is shown below:

Lime.

County.	Amount, barrels.	Value.
Amador	1,200	\$1,500 00
Contra Costa	11,872	8,645 00
El Dorado	15,086	12,309 00
Kern	96,500	82,025 00
Santa Cruz	216,508	206.225 00
Shasta	13,271	10.164 00
Siskiyou	150	120 00
Tuolumne	75,000	70,000 00
Totals	429.587	\$390,988 00

Limestone.

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
Calaveras	3,943	\$11,733 0
Contra CostaEl Dorado	68,708 1,000	46,208 0 1,000 0
Kern	600	400 0
MontereySan Bernardino	$2,000 \\ 245,102$	6,000 0 177,080 0
San Mateo	93,500	74,800 0
Santa BarbaraSanta Clara	4,239 2,417	8,174 0 3,918 0
Santa Cruz	22,622	44,591 0
ShastaSiskiyou	67,924	65,253 0 24 0
Tuolumne	4,319	13,609 0
Totals	516,398	\$452,790 0

Magnesite.

Occurrences of magnesite are known in Alameda, Fresno, Mendocino, Napa, Placer, San Benito, Santa Clara, Riverside, Stanislaus, Sonoma, Tulare, and other counties in California.

Magnesite is used in the manufacture of paper, in making refractory brick and what is known as magnesite flooring, and in the manufacture of earbon dioxide, principally. California is the only State in the Union that produces this mineral.

Production for 1911 by counties is as follows:

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
Fresno	220 300 575 7,763	\$2,195 00 3,300 00 4,600 00 57,335 00
Totals	8,858	\$67,430 00

Manganese.

Manganese is found in the following counties of this State: Alameda, Colusa, Merced, Placer, Plumas, Riverside, San Benito, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, Santa Clara, and Sonoma.

Production has been reported in the State almost continuously for the past twenty-five years amounting to 9,254 tons valued at \$87,910 for the quarter century. The great bulk of this output is credited to the first half of that period. Since 1903 the production has been nominal. In 1911 two tons with a spot value of \$40 represent the average for several years.

Marble.

Only three counties reported a production of marble during 1911 although large deposits of the finest marble exist very extensively throughout the State, and will most certainly in time take the place of the eastern and foreign stone, which is annually used for building and ornamental purposes.

Production for 1911 amounted to 20,201 cubic feet, valued at \$54,103 as compared with 18,960 cubic feet worth \$50,200 in 1910.

Output by counties:

County.	Amount, cu. ft.	Value.
Los AngelesSan BernardinoTuolumne	1,100 135 18,966	\$3,300 00 405 00 50,398 00
Totals	20,201	\$54,103 00

Mineral paint.

Butte, Calaveras, Los Angeles, Napa, Nevada, Placer, Riverside, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Stanislaus, Trinity, and Yuba counties contain extensive deposits of mineral paint. The first production of this material reported in California was in 1890. Since that date there has been an annual output of from 100 to 600 tons roughly.

For 1911 a total of 186 tons valued at \$1,184 was produced in Placer and Stanislaus counties, very nearly an equal amount in each.

Mineral water.

California is rich in her possession of mineral springs of every kind. Figures published in this report are for mineral water actually bottled and sold. Millions of gallons are otherwise utilized, or annually run to waste, of which no reliable data can be compiled. There is a great variance in prices obtained because of the great difference in the constituent ingredients of the several waters, and in the consequent demand for same.

Returns from the producers show the amount of mineral water marketed in 1911 to have been 2,637,669 gallons, valued at \$590,654, as compared with 2,335,259 gallons worth \$522,009 in 1910, an increase of 302,410 gallons, in amount, and \$68,645 in value.

Production tabulated by county is as follows:

County.	Amount, gallons.	Value.
Calaveras	10,000	\$5,000 00
Colusa	136,300	68,150 00
Contra Costa	206.500	10,325 00
Lake	227,440	58,933 00
Los Angeles	229.019	17,256 00
Marin	328,740	36,500 00
Napa	141.540	86,530 00
Riverside	90.580	11,500 00
San Benito	3,600	1.540 00
San Diego	60.090	87.020 00
San Luis Obispo	2.000	1.000 00
Santa Barbara	73,640	15.900 00
Santa Clara	165.720	10,000 00
Shasta	25,000	6.250 00
Siskiyou	700.000	120,000 00
Solano	30,000	4.000 00
Sonoma	202,500	50.250 00
Tehama	5,000	500 00
Totals	2,637,669	\$590,654 00

Natural gas.

As in the case of mineral water, untold quantities of natural gas are annually wasted. Definite figures as to amount actually utilized are difficult to arrive at as in many cases the owners of gas wells make no attempt to measure the output, and even the value of the product which is used becomes a matter of estimate. This does not hold in all cases, but it is true to such an extent as to make an estimate of amount valueless. Active steps are now being taken to conserve the vast supply of natural gas in the State and the near future will show an enormous increase in value of this branch of the mineral industry.

Natural gas, used for fuel in the oil fields, for lighting and for all other purposes in California during 1911 had a value of \$491,859 as compared with the 1910 consumption worth \$476,697 (the latter figure taken from "Mineral Resources of the United States" 1910, Part II, page 323, U. S. Geological Survey).

The total for 1911 by counties is as follows:

County.	Value.
Humboldt Kern Kings Los Angeles Sacramento San Joaquin Santa Barbara Solano	165,438 0 800 0 15,208 0 83,890 0 114,433 0 100,386 0 8,596 0
Total	2,958 0 \$491,859 0

Onyx and travertine.

Onyx and travertine marble were produced in California to the value of \$91,400 between the years 1887 and 1896. During the past fifteen years there has been no production of this kind of building stone in the State, although many partially exploited deposits exist in a score of counties. Practically all the onyx and travertine now used on the coast are imported from Mexico.

Paving blocks.

Six counties reported production of paving blocks for 1911 to the amount of 4,141 M; spot value, \$210,819. This is a slight decrease in amount and an increase in value over the 1910 production, which equaled 4.434 M in number with a value of \$198,916. Paving blocks are mostly made from granite or andesite, the latter variety being known to the trade as "basalt blocks." Solano and Sonoma are the largest producers of this class of blocks.

The following tabulation shows the output by counties as reported to the State Mining Bureau:

County.	Amount, M.	Value.
Placer Riverside San Bernardino San Diego Solano Sonoma	60 126 305 109 263 3.278	\$2,220 00 7,939 00 19,930 00 5,653 00 12,685 00 162,392 00
Totals	4,141	\$210,819 00

Petroleum.

The State Mining Bureau has in press a bulletin, No. 63, which deals largely with the petroleum industry in the fields south of Tehachapi. County production during 1911 is as follows:

County.	Amount, barrels.	Value.
Fresno		\$8,744,085 00
	1,250,000	¹600.000 0 0
Kern		18,920,658 00
	2,993,600	11,287,248 00
Los Angeles	4,549,288	3,062,722 00
	375,000	1251,250 00
Orange	5,927,275	3,830,460 00
	418,000	¹ 267.520 00
San Luis Obispo		25,146 00
Santa Barbara	6,335,156	3,002,147 00
	431,000	1202.570 00
Santa Clara	12,828	8.505 00
Ventura	466,682	327,097 00
	32,400	¹ 22,680 00
Totals	84,648,157	\$40,552,088 00

¹Used as fuel in the field. Value figured at the average price obtained in the county during the year.

Platinum.

Platinum production in California during the year 1911 amounted to 511 Troy ounces, valued at \$14.873, as compared to 337 ounces worth \$8,386 in 1910. Platinum yield in the State is largely due to its incidental recovery along with placer gold in various dredging and hydraulic fields.

Pyrite.

Pyrite production in California for 1911 amounted to 54.225 tons, valued at \$182,954, as compared with 42,621 tons worth \$179,862 during 1910. These figures include only pyrite actually used in the manufacture of sulphuric acid. Many thousand tons of pyritic ores are annually treated in the State in which the sulphur content is not utilized, the fumes passing out into the air. Strenuous efforts are being made, however, to render these noxious fumes harmless to the vegetation of the surrounding regions.

Output by counties is as follows:

	County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
Alameda Shasta		6,340 47,885	\$31,352 00 151,602 00
Totals		54,225	\$182,954 00

Quicksilver.

Contrary to predictions generally made at the end of the year the quicksilver output for 1911 showed a considerable increase over that of 1910. The production for 1911 was 19,109 flasks valued at \$879,205, in flasks of 75 pounds at \$46.01 per flask, which was the average price received in the San Francisco market during the year. This is an increase in quantity of 1,444 flasks, and in value, of \$80,203 over the production of 1910.

The largest output came from San Benito County, followed by Santa Clara, Lake, San Luis Obispo, Napa, Sonoma, Santa Barbara, Trinity, and Colusa counties in the order named.

The following counties also contain quicksilver deposits, some of which promise to become producers at an early date: Kings, Monterey, El Dorado, Fresno, Shasta, Solano, Stanislaus, and Yolo. Unusual activity has been apparent among operators and owners of quicksilver mines during 1911 and the outlook for a further increase in the future is favorable.

The 1911 quicksilver production has not been exceeded since 1905 when the product was sold for \$886,081. The value for succeeding years is as follows:

Year.	Value.
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910	\$712,334 00 663,178 00 763,520 00 773,788 00 799,002 00 879,205 00

One of the most important factors in the increased output of quick-silver is the advance in the price of the metal. The lowering of the cost of production has also made it possible to profitably treat a decreaseingly lower grade of ore, so that now, a quicksilver property with a good-sized vein of ore containing only one half of one per cent of mercury will pay expenses, and under the most favorable circumstances may yeild a profit. Quicksilver is produced in Texas and also is known to occur in several other Western States, but California is the greatest producer in America. Notwithstanding this, the mines of Europe control the market and fix the price.

Quicksilver production for the year, tabulated by counties is as follows:

County.	Amount, flasks.	Value.
Colusa	5	\$230 00
Lake	899	41,363 00
Napa	140	6,441 00
San Benito	9,775	449.748 00
San Luis Obispo	569	26.180 00
Santa Barbara	50	2,301 00
Santa Clara	7,533	346,593 00
Sonoma	94	4.325 00
Trinity	44	2,024 00
Totals	19,109	\$879,205 00

Salt.

The California salt output comes from two sources; from the waters of the Pacific Ocean by evaporation, this branch of the industry being carried on principally on the shores of San Francisco Bay, as well as at Long Beach and San Diego; and in the second case from the old lake beds in the desert portions of the State, where many thousand acres of saline deposits exist. South of Danby, in San Bernardino County, is a large bed of rock salt that has been mined quite extensively at various periods for many years past.

During 1911 six counties reported a production of 173,332 tons of crude salt valued at \$324,255, or an average of \$1.87 a ton, spot value. As compared with the 1910 figures, when 174,920 tons were produced, worth \$395,417, the output is seen to be practically unchanged although the price received suffered a decrease of \$.41 per ton.

Output Tabulated by Counties.

County.	Amount, tons.	Value.
Alameda Los Angeles San Bernardino San Diego San Mateo Solano	7,592 3,600	\$201,542 00 16,113 00 13,800 00 37,500 00 55,000 00 300 00
Totals	173,332	\$324,255 00

Sand-Glass.

Both glass sand and quartz sand are produced in small quantities in California, possible production being far greater than any yet actually attained. During 1911 no output of "Quartz Sand" was reported, glass sand, however, being produced to the amount of 8,620 tons, valued at \$8,672—amount and value being practically the same as for the preceding year.

Sandstone.

Sandstone quarries are located in twenty-two counties of the State. Production for 1911 was reported from only five of these counties, however. The year's production amounted to 255,313 cubic feet, having a value of \$127,314 at the quarry. In 1910 only 165,971 cubic feet were quarried, valued at \$80,443. The following table shows the output by counties:

County.	Amount, cu. ft.	Value.
Amador	90,000 101,029 58,976 650 4,658	\$45,000 00 50,027 00 29,507 00 455 00 2,325 00
Totals	255,313	\$127,314 00

Silver.

The following table shows silver production in California for 1911 by counties, as tabulated by the U. S. Geological Survey. For complete information see Mineral Resources for 1911, U. S. G. S. The average price received for silver for the year was 53 cents per ounce:

County.	Value.
Amador	\$28,899
Butte	
Calaveras	
Colusa	
Del Norte	
El Dorado	
Fresno	
Humboldt	
Imperial	
Inyo	
Kern	
Madera	
Mariposa	
Modoe	0= =00
Mono	
Nevada	
Placer	
Plumas	80 404 4
Riverside	
Sacramento	
San Bernardino	
Shasta	4386,991 (
Sierra	
Siskiyou	2,561 (
Stanislaus	⁵ 1,131 (
Trinity	
Tuolumne	
Yuba	
Total	\$673,336 (

Includes Lassen County production.

²Includes San Diego County production.

^{*}Includes Los Angeles County production.
*Dredge production included in Stanislaus total.

⁵Includes Merced County production as well as dredge production from Shasta and Trinity counties.

Dredge production included in Stanislaus total.

Soda.

Deposits of soda are located in various parts of southern California, more especially in Inyo, San Bernardino, and San Luis Obispo counties. The 1911 production amounted to 9,023 tons, valued at \$52,887, as compared with an output of 8,125 tons worth \$11,862 in 1910.

Tungsten.

The value of tungsten produced in California in 1911 amounted to \$127,706 as compared to \$208,245 in 1910. Tungsten is used largely in the steel industry. The ores are sold per unit of tungstic trioxide, ores of a lower grade than 45 per cent WO_3 are not generally marketable. Zinc.

A small quantity of zinc was produced in the State during the years 1906, 1907, 1908 having a total value of \$26,708. With that exception 1911 shows the first returns from what bids fair to become a large industry. Deposits of zinc ore exist in Inyo, Orange, San Bernardino, and Shasta counties. Zinc occurs to some extent in the ores of many other counties although as yet they have not come to be considered zinc ore. The output for 1911 was 2,679,842 pounds, valued at \$152,751.

In addition to the foregoing minerals eight others have been produced in the State at different times, any and all of which may become a factor in the mineral output of California, to wit: Lithia mica, mica, quartz crystals, serpentine, slate, soapstone, sulphur and tin.

From 1899 to 1905 lithia mica was produced to the total value of \$127,556, the output coming almost entirely from San Diego County. The mineral was used as a source of lithia, which in the form of the carbonate is used in the manufacture of effervescing lithia tablets, and in the preparation of mineral waters, and in the form of the nitrate in the making of the "red fire" of pyrotechnics.

In 1902, 1903, and 1904 mica production to the total amount of 150 tons valued at \$9,300 was reported to the State Mining Bureau.

At various times during the past fifteen years small amounts of quartz crystals have been marketed in the State. The total value recorded being \$57,468. No commercial production has been reported during the past three years.

Serpentine has been quarried both as a building and as an ornamental stone in various parts of California during the past twenty years. In most cases, however, it lacks sufficient brightness of color to be desirable for ornamental purposes, and has too many cracks and impurities to make a first-class building stone. The value of all the serpentine produced in the State amounts to only \$33,259. Production was last reported in 1907.

Slate production in California had its beginning in 1889 and has been continuous, in greater or less amount, up to 1911, when no production

was reported. The output has been rapidly declining in recent years. Many large deposits of slate are known in the State, but its greatest use in the past has been as a fireproof roofing, and the various brands of "Ready Roofing" which have been placed on the market in recent years have hurt the industry seriously.

Soapstone deposits of great extent are located in various parts of the State although none of them have been developed to any extent. The first reported production was in 1893. Intermittently since that time up to and including the year 1910, soapstone to the value of \$41,559 has been placed on the market. During 1911 no output was reported to this Bureau.

In several localities it is possible to distill sulphur from the rocks which are found in limited areas. In the northern portion of the State are also known springs which deposit sulphur from solution. production of two tons of sulphur, valued at \$50, was reported. No other output of sulphur has been recorded to date. In the vicinity of Lassen Peaks are several fumeroles where sulphur is being constantly deposited from vents. One of these is known as Supan's Springs, and is situated about five miles north of Morgan station; another is called Hot Spring Valley, and is on a tributary of Warner Creek. Here are scores of vents where sulphur is being deposited. A third locality is called Bumpass' Hell. This latter is close to the base of the main In each of these localities sulphur occurs, peak on its southern side. but in each instance it is mixed with much earthy matter which reduces its value materially. It is not likely that any of these deposits have a present value owing to the lack of cheap transportation facilities.

Tin was produced in California in 1891 and 1892 to the value of \$59,964. No other production is known in the history of the State. The deposits of tin ore are in Riverside County, seven miles east of Corona.

It may not be generally known, but petroleum was produced in a small way in California very early in the history of the country, in fact, long before it was invaded by the army of gold seekers. Mr. C. Morrell, a druggist in San Francisco, is commonly credited with being the first to attempt the distillation of kerosene from crude petroleum. This was in 1857, but several years prior to that Andreas Pico made illuminating oil from petroleum which he obtained in the Newhall region in Los Angeles County. This oil was burned, so it is said, in lamps in the Mission San Fernando. There is no doubt whatever that the Spanish padres who built the missions in California in the latter part of the eighteenth century, were aware of the existence of petroleum here and made use of the brea, as the seepages are called.

OUTPUT BY COUNTIES.

ALAMEDA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Chrome Clay Crushed rock ¹ Pyrite	19,660 M 60 tons 10,500 tons 952,805 tons 6,340 tons 121,540 tons	\$153,330 00 500 00 8,300 00 404,615 00 31,352 00 201,542 00
Total		\$799,639 00

¹Includes macadam, rubble, trap, riprap, sand and gravel.

AMADOR COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick	43,352 tons 227,848 lbs.	\$20,000 00 37,395 00 28,481 00 2,832,395 00
Lime Sandstone Silver Total	1,200 bbls. 90,000 cu.ft.	1,500 00 45,000 00 28,899 00 \$2,993,670 00

BUTTE COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock ¹		\$78,208 00 150 00 2,323,396 00 5,102 00
Total		\$2,406,856 00

¹Sand and gravel.

CALAVERAS COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Clay Copper	50 tons 6,190,153 lbs.	\$200 00 773,769 00 1,112,315 00
Limestone	220 lbs. 3,943 tons	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \ 00 \\ 11,733 \ 00 \end{array}$
Mineral water Silver		5,000 00 67,032 00
Total		\$1,970,059 00

COLUSA COUNTY.

. Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock ¹ Gold ²	67,368 tons	\$16,702 00 2,837 00
Mineral water Quicksilver Sandstone Silver ²	136,300 gals. 5 flasks 101,029 cu. ft.	68,150 00 230 00 50,027 00 281 00
Total		\$138,227 00

¹Rubble, sand, gravel. ²Including Lassen County production.

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Crushed rock ¹ Lime Limestone Mineral water	36,463 M 455,814 tons 11,872 bbls. 68,708 tons 206,500 gals.	\$271,575 00 257,503 00 8,645 00 46,208 00 10,325 00
Total		\$594,256 00

¹Macadam, rubble, sand and gravel.

DEL NORTE COUNTY.

Mineral.	Value.
GoldSilver	\$1,743 00 7 00
Total	\$1,750 00

EL DORADO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Valle.
Crushed rock Gold Lead Lime Limestone Silver	3,701 lbs. 15,086 bbls. 1,000 tons	\$5,465 00 133,967 00 167 00 12,309 00 1,000 00 1,010 00
Total		\$153,918 00

FRESNO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Orushed rock ¹	439,703 tons	\$28,500 00 280,911 00 250 00 17,441 00
Gold Granite Magnesite Petroleum ² Silver	37,500 cu. ft. 220 tons 19,499,611 bbls.	38,000 00 2,195 00 9,344,085 00 81 00
Total		\$9,711,463 00

¹Macadam, rubble, sand and gravel. ²Includes 1,250,000 barrels valued at \$600,000, used as fuel in the field.

GLENN COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity .	Value.
Crushed rock (sand and gravel)	421,775 tons	\$51,430 00
Total		\$51,430 00

HUMBOLDT COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Olay Orushed rock Gold Natural gas		\$2,880 00 937 00 37,756 00 34,966 00 150 00 169 00
Total		\$76,858 00

IMPERIAL COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick	1,200 M	\$7,000 00 97,855 00 189 00
Total		\$105,044 00

¹Includes San Diego County production.

INYO COUNTY.

	Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Gems Gold		46,450 tons 27,889 lbs.	\$32,555 00 3,486 00 174 00 574,945 00
Lead Silver		1,182,122 lbs.	53,195 00 45,678 00
Total			\$710,033 00

KERN COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Clay Copper Crushed rock ¹ Gold Gypsum Lead	242 tons 29,441 lbs. 230,950 tons 853 tons	\$41,426 00 121 00 3,680 00 107,880 00 557,471 00 4,245 00
Lime Limestone Natural gas Petroleum ²	96,500 bbls. 600 tons	82,025 00 400 00 165,438 00 20,207,906 00
Total		\$21,176,534 00

KINGS COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Gypsum Natural gas	20 tons	\$100 00 800 00
Total		\$900 00

LAKE COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Mineral water	227,440 gals. 899 flasks	\$58,933 00
Quicksilver	899 flasks	\$100,296 00

LASSEN COUNTY.

Gold and silver the only mineral production reported by Lassen County for 1911. Value included with Colusa County total by the U. S. Geological Survey.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY.

Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.
Briek	160,259 M 15,650 tons 878,422 tons	\$1,442,913 00 41,025 00 536,876 00
Gems Granite Marble Mineral water	14,000 cu. ft. 1,100 cu. ft.	5,000 00 16,200 00 3,300 00 17,256 00
Natural gas Petroleum ¹ Salt	4,924,288 bbls.	15,208 00 3,313,972 00 16,113 00
Total		\$5,407,863 00

¹Macadam, rubble, sand and gravel. ²Includes 2,993,600 barrels, valued at \$1,287,248, used as fuel in field.

Uncludes 375,000 barrels, valued at \$251,250, used as fuel in field.

NOTE.—A small gold and sliver production for 1911 is included in the Riverside County total of those minerals.

\$20,238 00

MADERA COUN	NTY.	
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick	1,300 tons 99,900 cu.ft.	\$1,350 00 1,826 00 800 00 1,958 00 74,190 00
Total	,	\$80,201 00
MARIN COUN	TY.	
Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.
Brick	173,646 tons	\$87,445 00 108,786 00 36,500 00
Total		\$232,731 00
MARIPOSA COU	NTY.	
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
CopperGoldSilver		\$1,830 00 172,532 00 1,390 00
Total		\$175,752 00
MENDOCINO COL	JNTY.	
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick	160 M	\$1,600 00
Total		\$1,600 00
MERCED COUN	NTY.	
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock	106,750 tons	\$49,548 00
Total		\$49,548 00
NOTE.—Gold and silver production included in Stanislaus	County total for those miner	als.
MODOC COUN	TY.	
. Mineral.		Value.
Gold		\$19,875 00 363 00

MONO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Gold Lead Silver	37,000 lbs.	\$261,232 0 1,665 0 35,508 0
Total		\$298,405 0

MONTEREY COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock¹	35,117 tons 10,000 tons 850 tons 1,100 tons 2,000 tons	\$27,011 00 30,625 00 5,950 00 4,950 00 6,000 00
Total		\$74,536 00

¹Macadam, sand and gravel.

NAPA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock ¹	238,732 tons 141,540 gals. 140 flasks	\$127,428 00 86,530 00 6,441 00
Total		\$220,399 00

¹Macadam, rubble, sand and gravel.

NEVADA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Copper	1,665 lbs.	\$209 00 2,199,147 00
Granite Lead Silver	1,250 cu. ft. 14,831 lbs.	3,500 00 667 00 15,691 00
Total		\$2,219,214 00

ORANGE COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.	
Brick Crushed rock ¹ Clay Petroleum ²	1,650 M 7,560 tons 2,000 tons 6,345,275 bbls.	\$11,550 855 3,200 4,097,980	00 00
Total		\$4,113,585	00

[&]quot;Macadam, sand and gravel.
"Includes 418,000 barrels, valued at \$267,520, used as fuel in field.

PLACER COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Asbestos Brick Clay Copper Crushed rock Curbing	125 tons 700 M 43,120 tons 118,624 lbs. 24,468 tons 47,395 lin. ft.	\$500 0 18,000 0 29,200 0 14,828 0 7,930 0 9,202 0 251,298 0
Granite Magnesite Mineral paint Paving blocks Silver	190,634 cu.ft. 300 tons 90 tons 60 M	199,599 0 3,300 0 584 0 2,220 0 2,585 0
Total		\$539,246 0

PLUMAS COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Gold Lead Manganese Silver	1,329 lbs. 2 tons	\$228,785 00 60 00 40 00 1,125 00
Total		\$230,010 00

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
BrickClay	3,675 M 67.295 tons	\$28,572 0 79,961 0
Crushed rock ¹	6,753 lbs. 510,888 tons	844 0 453,724 0
Gems	3,000 lin.ft.	$1,800 \ 0$ $250 \ 0$ $20,623 \ 0$
Gold ²	12,295 cu. ft. 575 tons	10,555 0 4,600 0
Mineral waterPaving blocks	90,580 gals. 126 M	11,500 0 7,939 0
Silver ²		2,121 0
TOtal		\$622,489 0

SACRAMENTO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick	45,630 cu.ft.	\$76,571 00 131,037 00 1,812,826 00 12,307 00 83,890 00
Silver		3,047 00
Total		\$2,109,678 00

¹Low spot value due to prison labor.

 $^{^1}$ Macadam, rubble, sand and gravel. 2 Including small production from Los Angeles County.

SAN BENITO COUNTY.

Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock Mineral water Quicksilver	250,322 tons 3,600 gals. 9,775 flasks	\$107,558 00 1,540 00 449,748 00
Total		\$558,846 00

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Clay Copper Crushed rock Gold Gypsum Lead Limestone Marble Paving blocks Salt Silver	920 tons 666,489 lbs. 154,841 tons 20,584 tons 161,338 lbs. 245,102 tons 135 cu. ft. 305 M 3,600 tons	\$8,040 00 4,060 00 83,311 00 166,808 00 127,367 00 66,505 00 7,260 00 177,080 00 19,930 00 13,800 00 35,542 00
Total	<u>'</u> =	\$710,108 00

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Crushed rock Gems	191,004 tons	\$68,000 00 195,835 00 25,000 00
Mineral water Paving blocks Salt	60,090 gals. 109 M	87,020 0 5,653 0 37,500 0
Total		\$419,008 0

NOTE.—Gold and silver output included in Imperial County totals.

SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock	145,050 tons	\$119,636 00
Total		\$119,636 00

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick	5,275 M 25,510 tons	\$49,650 00 25,510 00 114,433 00
Total		\$189,593 00

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Bituminous rock		\$5,230 00 18,000 00 1,000 00 25,146 00 26,180 00
Total		\$75,556 00

SAN MATEO COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Crushed rock Limestone Salt	1,350 M 66,568 tons 93,500 tons 27,500 tons	\$43,000 00 61,185 00 74,800 00 55,000 00
Total		\$233,985 00

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Clay Crushed rock Infusorial earth Limestone Mineral water Natural gas Petroleum ¹ Quicksilver Sandstone	12,000 tons 3,738 tons 1,344 tons 4,239 tons 73,640 gals. 6,766,156 bbls. 50 flasks	\$13,800 00 16,000 00 6,602 00 13,720 00 8,174 00 15,900 00 100,386 00 3,204,717 00 2,301 00 29,507 00
Total		\$3,411,107 00

¹Includes 431,000 barrels, valued at \$202,570, used as fuel in field.

SANTA CLARA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Crushed rock Limestone Mineral water Petroleum Quicksilver	6,000 M 116,875 tons 2,417 tons 165,720 gals. 12,828 bbls. 7,533 flasks	\$30,000 00 62,595 00 3,918 00 10,000 00 8,505 00 346,593 00
Total		\$461,611 00

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY.

Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.
Bituminous rock Crushed rock Lime Limestone	24,815 tons 7,627 tons 216,508 bbls. 22,622 tons	\$80,371 00 7,627 00 206,225 00 44,591 00
Total		\$338,814 00

SHASTA COUNTY.

Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.	
Brick Chrome Copper Gold Lead Lime Lime Mineral water Pyrite Silver	881 lbs. 13,271 bbls. 67,924 tons 25,000 gals. 47,885 tons	\$20,094 13,697 3,692,489 1,059,881 40 10,164 65,253 6,250 151,602 386,991	00 00 00 00 00 00
Total		\$5,406,461	00

SIERRA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
GoldSilver		\$461.513 00 5,604 00
Total		\$467,117 00

SISKIYOU COUNTY	Y.	
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock ¹		\$6,580 0 1,000 0
Gold Lime Limestone Mineral water Sandstone Silver	150 bbls. 24 tons 700,000 gals. 650 cu. ft.	$\begin{array}{r} 422,297 & 0 \\ 120 & 0 \\ 24 & 0 \\ 120,000 & 0 \\ 455 & 0 \\ 2.561 & 0 \end{array}$
Total	name of the same o	\$553,037 00

¹Sand and gravel.

SOLANO COUNTY.

Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.
Brick Crushed rock Bituminous rock Mineral water Natural gas Paving blocks Salt	500 M 159,049 tons 47,600 tons 30,000 gals.	\$4,000 00 127,589 00 31,678 00 4,000 00 8,596 00 12,685 00 300 00
Total	***************************************	\$188,848 00

SONOMA COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Crushed rock Curbing Mineral water Paving blocks Quicksilver	55,292 tons 3,700 lin. ft. 202,500 gals. 3,278 M 94 flasks	\$21,254 00 389 00 50,250 00 162,392 00 4,325 00
Total		\$238,610 00

STANISLAUS COUNTY.

Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.	
Brick	850 M	\$5,950 (307,538 (
Mineral paint Silver ¹	96 tons	600 (1,131 (00
Total		\$315,219 (00

Includes Merced County production; also dredger production from Shasta and Trinity counties.

TEHAMA COUNTY.

Mineral,	Quantity.	Value.
Mineral water	5,000 gals.	\$500 00
Total		\$500 00

TRINITY COUNTY.

Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.
Gold Quicksilver Silver	44 flasks	\$612,149 00 2,024 00 6,777 00
Total		\$620,950 00

TULARE COUNTY.

TULARE COUNT	Υ.		
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.	1
Brick Gems Magnesite		\$81,000 20,000 57,335	0
Total		\$158,335	0
TUOLUMNE COUN	TY.		
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.	
Gold Lime Limestone Marble Silver	75,000 bbls. 4,319 tons 18,966 cu. ft.	\$1,093,484 70,000 13,609 50,398 13,243	000
Total		\$1,240,734	0
VENTURA COUNT	Υ.		
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.	
Brick Clay Crushed rock Natural gas Petroleum ¹ Sandstone	900 M 1,900 tons 1,000 tons 499,082 bbls. 4,658 cu. ft.	\$5,100 1,900 750 2,958 349,777 2,325	0000
Total		\$362,810	0
Includes 32,400 barrels, valued at \$22,680, used as fuel in fig.			
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.	I
Crushed rock Gold Silver		\$9,318 2,997,072 5,299	0
Total		\$3,011,689	0(
UNAPPORTIONE).		
Mineral.	Quantity.	Value.	
Barytes Brick Borax Cement Coal Feldspar Fuller's earth Glass sand Iron Platinum Soda Trungsten Zine	309 tons 15,000 M 50,945 tons 6,371,369 bbls. 11,047 tons 740 tons 466 tons 8,620 tons 558 tons 511 oz. 9,023 tons 4,856 tons 2,679,842 lbs.	\$2,207 98,775 1,456,672 9,085,625 18,297 4,560 5,294 8,672 558 14,873 52,887 127,706 152,751	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
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PUBLICATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE MINING BUREAU.

REPORTS.

Asterisk (*) indicates the publication is out of print.

*Report I. Henry G. Hanks. 1880.

*Report II. Henry G. Hanks. 1882.			
*Report III. Henry G. Hanks. 1883.			
*Report IV. Henry G. Hanks. 1884. *Report V. Henry G. Hanks. 1885.			
*Report VI—Part 1. Henry G. Hanks. 1886.			
*Report VI—Part 2. Wm. Irelan, Jr. 1886.			
*Report VII. Wm. Irelan, Jr. 1887.			
*Report VIII. Wm. Irelan, Jr. 1888.			
*Report IX. Wm. Irelan, Jr. 1889.			
*Report X. Wm. Irelan, Jr. 1890.			
			stage.
Report XI. Wm. Irelan, Jr. 1892. (First biennial.)			\$.15
*Report XII. J. J. Crawford. 1894. (Second biennial.)			
*Report XIII. J. J. Crawford. 1893. (Third biennial.)			
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*Bulletin 1. Dessicated Human Remains,-Winslow Anderson. 1888			auagu.
*Bulletin 2. Methods of Mine Timbering.—W. H. Storms, 1894			
*Bulletin 3. Gas and Petroleum Yielding Formations of the Central Val			
CaliforniaW. L. Watts. 1894			
*Bulletin 4. Catalogue of California Fossils (Parts 2, 3, 4 and 5).—J. G. C			
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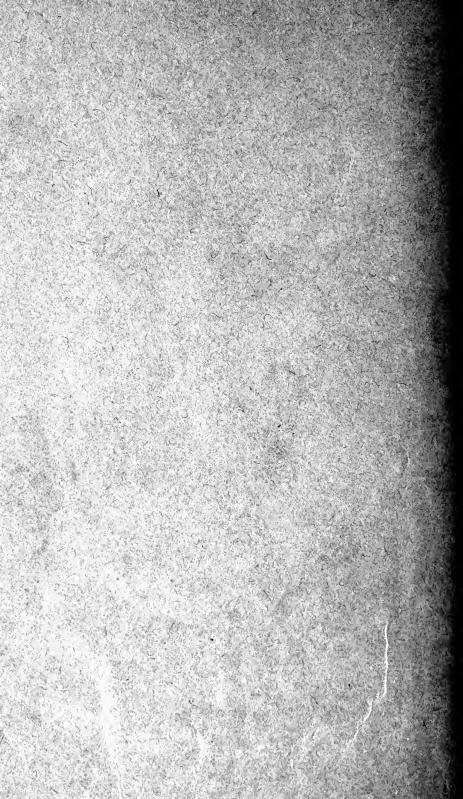
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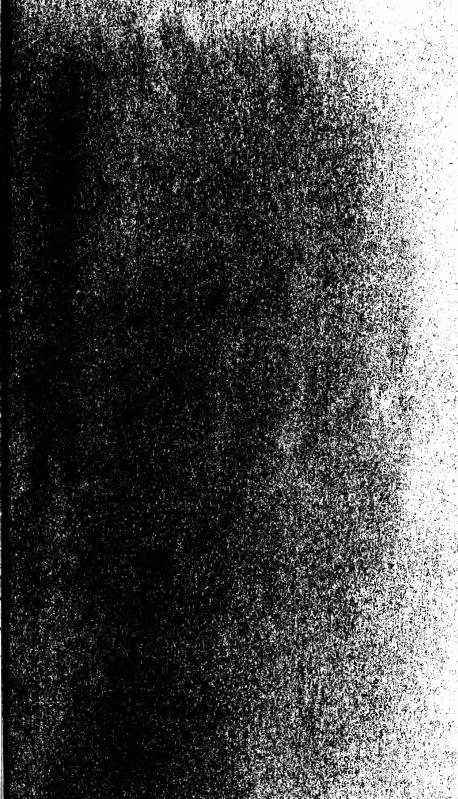
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